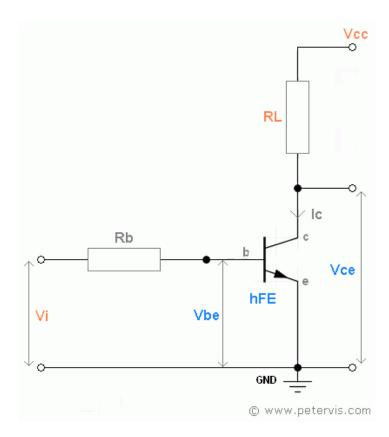
# **Transistors - Calculating Base Resistor for Switching**

### Overview

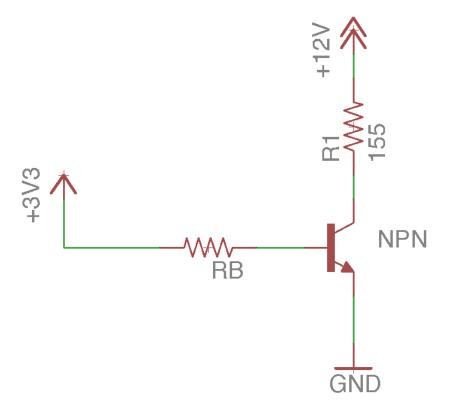
We will calculate the value of Rb based on the following circuit:



## Questions to Ask when Sizing

- Can your transistor handle the load through the collector? Does it exceed lc(max)?
- Can the transistor handle supply voltage? Vcc > Vce (max)?
- Find the worst case current gain during saturation. Ic
- Calculate the minimum base current. Ib
- Compare base current lb max current your micro controller can deliver.
- Find worst case (highest) Vbe
- Calculate voltage drop across base resistor using Vbe and micro controller output
- Calculate required base resistor Rb.
- Calculate collector power dissipation.

## Calculating the Rb Value



Precondition	Value
Vcc	12v
Vi	3.3v
RL	155
NPN BC337	
Vbe(sat)	1.2v
Vce(sat)	0.7v
hFE (@100mA)	100

#### Calculations for Ic:

Ic = (Vcc-Vce)/RL = 11.3v/155 = 73 mA

#### Calculation for Vb

Vb = Vi - Vbe(sat) = 3.3 - 1.2 = 2.1v

## Calculating using Ib=Ic/10 (\*\*\* Best Approach)

It is common to assume that base current is 1/10 of the collector current.

Ib = Ic/10 = 73/10 = 7.3mA

Rb = Vb/lb = 2.1/0.0073 = 288

Confirm: Can the micro controller deliver lb current required?

Tested with 220 and it worked.

### Calculating using hFE

To guarantee that the transistor operates in the saturation region, we multiply the base current by a factor of three.

hFE=100 (@100mA) lb = lc/Hfe = 73/100 = 0.73mA Rb = Vb/lbx3 = 2.1/(0.00073x3) = 959

This would be the max value for Rb.

## Calculating using the online calculator

hFE=100

Rb = 960

This would be the max value for Rb.

**Formulas** 

Ic=(V-Vce)/RL

lb=lc/hFE

Rb=(Vi-Vbe)/(3\*Ib)

### References

Reference	URL
Base Resistor Calculator	https://www.petervis.com/GCSE_Design_and_Technology_Electronic_Products/transistor_base_resistor_calculator /transistor_base_resistor_calculator.html
Discussion Forum	https://forum.allaboutcircuits.com/threads/calculating-base-resistor-for-transistor.78483/